

Absolute position, rotary Electric Encoder™

The DF-100 is a member of the DF series of Electric Encoders[™], based on Netzer Precision proprietary technology. The Electric Encoder[™] offers many advantages - some unparalleled The electric Encoder[™] is unique in being holistic, i.e., its output reading is the averaged outcome of the whole area of the rotor, This feature makes the Electric Encoder[™] forgiving to mounting tolerances, mechanical wander etc.

Low profile (10 mm). No bearings or other contacting elements. High resolution and precision. High tolerance to temperature extremes , shock, moisture, EMI, RFI and Magnetic fields. Very low weight. Holistic signal generation Digital interfaces.

Mechanical		
Allowable mounting eccentricity	±0.1 mm (rotor to stator)	
Allowable rotor axial motion	±0.1 mm (rotor to stator)	
Rotor inertia	70,163 gr · mm ²	
Weight , Rotor / Stator	55 / 25 gr	
Outer Ø /Inner Ø/ Height	100 / 57 / 10 mm	
Material (stator, rotor)	AL 6061 (anodized)	

5V ± 5%
Shielded cable
1,500 mm MAX

Environmental			
EMC	E IEC 6100-6-2, IEC 6100-6-4		
Operating temperature range	Digital: -40°C to +85°C		
Relative humidity	98% Non condensing		
Shock endurance	100 g for 11 ms		
Vibration endurance	20 g 10 – 2000 Hz		
Protection	IP 40		

Characteristics	
Angular resolution	18 bits ; 262,144 CPR
Static error	< 10 mDeg
Maximum operational speed	750 rpm
Measurement range	Unlimited rotation
Power On - Max. operational speed	3.3 RPM , <=20°/sec
Build In Test BIT	Optional

The Electric Encoder[™] is unique in being holistic, i.e., its output reading is the averaged outcome of the whole area of the rotor, This feature makes the Electric Encoder[™] forgiving to mounting tolerances, mechanical wander etc. The absence of components such as ball bearings, flexible couplers, glass disc, light sources and detectors, along with very low power consumption makes the Electric Encoder[™] virtually failure free.

The internally shielded, DC operated Electric Encoder[™] includes an electric field generator, a field receiver, a sinusoidal shaped dielectric rotor, and processing electronics.

The output signals of Electric EncoderTM are analog Sine / Cosine representing the rotation angle. The digital outputs are obtained by further processing - which may be either internal or external to the encoder.

The combination of precision, low profile, low weight and high reliability have made Netzer Precision encoders particularly suitable to a wide variety of critical applications including, but not limited to medical equipment and aerospace.







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SYNCHROMOUS SERIAL INTERFACE

Digital SSi Interface

Synchronous Serial Interface (**SSI)** is a point to point serial interface standard between a master (e.g. controller) and a slave (e.g. sensor) for digital data transmission.



	Description	Recommendations	
n	Total number of data bits	12-22	
Т	Clock period		
f= 1/T	Clock frequency	0.5 - 2.0 MHz	
Tu	Bit update time	200 nsec	
Тр	Pause time	26 - ∞ µsec	
Tm	Monoflop time	>25 µsec	
Tr	Time between 2 adjacent requests	Tr > n*T+26 µsec	
fr=1/Tr	Data request frequency		



SSi / BiSS Output signal parameters		
Signal latency	~250 µSec	
Output code	Binary	
Serial output	Differential RS-422	
Clock	Differential RS-422	
Clock Frequency	0.5 ÷ 2.0 MHz	
Position update rate (Max)	30 KHz	
Current consumption	180 mA	
Monoflop time	25 µSec	

SSi / BiSS interface wires color code			
Clock +	Grey	Clock	
Clock -	Blue	CIUCK	
Data -	Yellow	Data	
Data +	Green		
GND	Black	Ground	
+5V	Red	Power supply	

Software tools: (SSi / BiSS - C)

Advanced calibration and monitoring options are available by using the factory supplied **Electric Encoder Explorer** software, This facilitates proper mechanical mounting, offsets calibration and advanced signal monitoring.



BISS INTERFACE Di

/ Digital BiSS-C Interface

BiSS – C Interface is unidirectional serial synchronous protocol for digital data transmission where the Encoder acts as "slave" transmits data according to "Master" clock. The BiSS-C interface as the SSi is based on RS-422 standards.



bit #		Description	Default	Length
29	Ack	Period during which the encoder calculates the absolute position , one clock cycle	0	1/clock
28	Start	Encoder signal for "start" data transmit	1	1 bit
27	"0"	"start" bit follower	0	1 bit
825	AP	Absolute Position encoder data		
7	Warn.	Warning	1	1 bit
6	Error	Error	1	1 bit
05	CRC	The CRC polynomial for position, error and warning data is: $x^6 + x^1 + x^0$. It is transmitted MSB first and inverted. The start bit and "0" bit are omitted from the CRC calculation.		6 bits
	Timeout	Elapse between the sequential "start"request cycle's.		25 µs



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